

Nov 16th, 9:30 AM - 11:00 AM

Diabetes Management Interventions in Patients with Schizophrenia: An Integrative Review of the Literature

Angelica Leon
angelicaleon10@gmail.com

Follow this and additional works at: <https://via.library.depaul.edu/nursing-colloquium>

Part of the [Nursing Commons](#)

Leon, Angelica, "Diabetes Management Interventions in Patients with Schizophrenia: An Integrative Review of the Literature" (2018). *Grace Peterson Nursing Research Colloquium*. 30.
<https://via.library.depaul.edu/nursing-colloquium/2019/winter/30>

This Event is brought to you for free and open access by the School of Nursing at Via Sapientiae. It has been accepted for inclusion in Grace Peterson Nursing Research Colloquium by an authorized administrator of Via Sapientiae. For more information, please contact wsulliv6@depaul.edu, c.mcclure@depaul.edu.

Angelica Leon

DePaul University School of Nursing

Background and Significance

In the United States there are 9.8 million people who suffer with a serious mental illness. Over half of these patients fall within the description of also having a comorbidity, making diseases such as diabetes, cardiovascular disease, and pulmonary disease more prevalent among those with mental illness. Among those with schizophrenia, a higher incidence of diabetes occurs in comparison to the population at large. This higher prevalence is multifactorial with can be due to life-style factors, psychosocial factors, as well as the increased risk for metabolic syndrome in those taking atypical antipsychotics. This makes managing diabetes among those with schizophrenia increasingly difficult. A higher prevalence of diabetes in patients with schizophrenia warrants a closer look at the current interventions in the literature.

Purpose

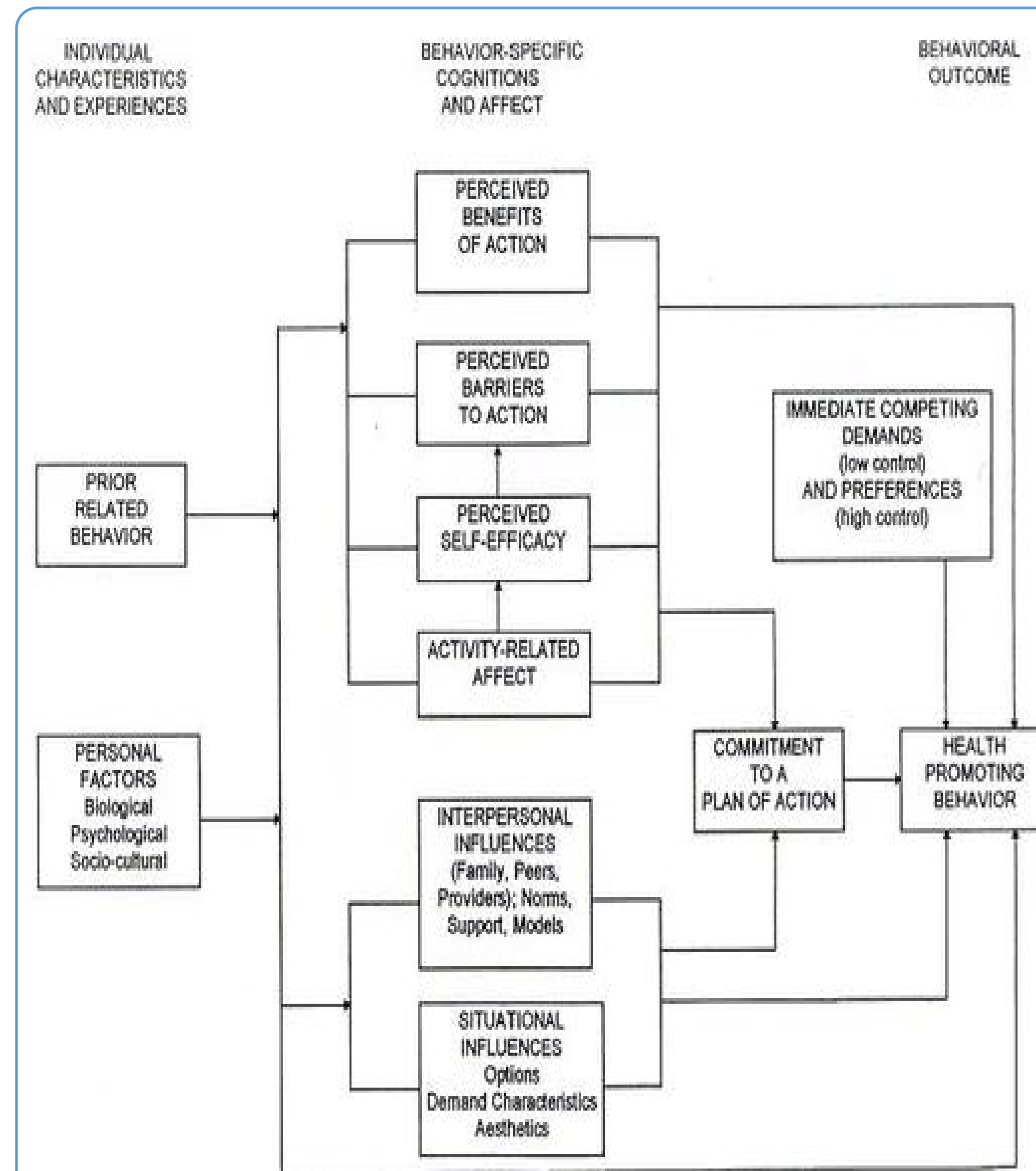
The purpose of this integrative literature review is to explore health interventions in patients with both schizophrenia and diabetes or at risk as well as to evaluate their effectiveness in diabetes management or metabolic syndrome management.

Research Questions

1. What health interventions exist that specifically target patients with schizophrenia and diabetes and its risk factors?
2. How effective are these initiatives in managing diabetes or its risk factors?

Conceptual Framework

The conceptual framework used was Nola Pender's Health Promotion model. Using Pender's health promotion model, both diabetes and schizophrenia can be viewed as personal factors.



Diabetes and Schizophrenia thus would directly influence the patient intervention as it shifts the focus of the initiative to a diabetes only intervention. Thus interventions using both factors should in theory, aid in achieving healthy behaviors.

Methods

This study uses an integrative literature review method to look at the current knowledge and understanding on how to effectively manage diabetes in patients with schizophrenia using various interventions.

The following databases were used to search the appropriate concepts: Psych Info, The Cumulative Index to Nursing and Allied Health Literature (CINAHL) Complete, ProQuest and Nursing & Allied Health Database.

The concepts searched include: schizophrenia, diabetes, metabolic syndrome, and interventions.

Inclusion: articles within the past ten years, articles in English, and peer reviewed journal articles inclusion o schizophrenia in subjects
Exclusions: Reviews, secondary studies, Studies focusing on drug interventions, any study not focusing on an intervention.

Results

-Number of studies found using keywords	CINAHL N=125	PsychInfo N= 306	Proquest N= 93
-Number of studies after inclusion criteria is met.	71	217	60
-Number of studies after duplicates are removed	33	187	37
-Number of articles removed after exclusion criteria is met Title review	5	37	5
-Articles eligible after abstract review	2	15	1
-Total Studies	18		

Findings	Number of studies
Used biometrics(BMI, HbA1c, weight, Weight Circumference)	15
Used survey only	3
Showed Decrease in Diabetes Symptoms (Biometric)	3
Showed no significant change in intervention used	12
Sample from outpatient clinics	12
Sample from residential facility	2
Studies conducted in the United States	5

Summary of Findings in the Literature

From the articles found there was one intervention utilizing peer focused technology, three interventions focusing on exercise programs alone, one intervention focusing on diet alone, one utilizing cognitive behavioral therapy and twelve interventions using mixed health promotion programs. Mixed health promotion programs included: counseling, therapy, dietary guidance, and exercise promotion.

Implications for Future Nursing

As the field of nursing and healthcare moves towards a more integrative approach, psychiatric nurses will have to be conscious of the effect physical illness has on their patients. The disability that physical illness adds to the already chronic nature of mental illness needs to be considered when developing a holistic plan of care for patients with chronic mental illness such as schizophrenia. This literature review acts as a broad overview of the current interventions that can be used and modified for patients with mental illness.

Conclusion

This review evaluated the current literature and programs used manage dual diagnosis in those with schizophrenia and diabetes. Although results were mixed from the interventions found, future studies should continue to look at the importance of managing attrition rates in interventions used within the mental health community. Future studies can also take away from what factors in those interventions that contributed towards lowering diabetes risk factors.

Contact Info

Angelica Leon

angelicaleon10@gmail.com